### Study of Women who have had an Abortion and Their Views on Church

#### Sponsored by Care Net



### Methodology

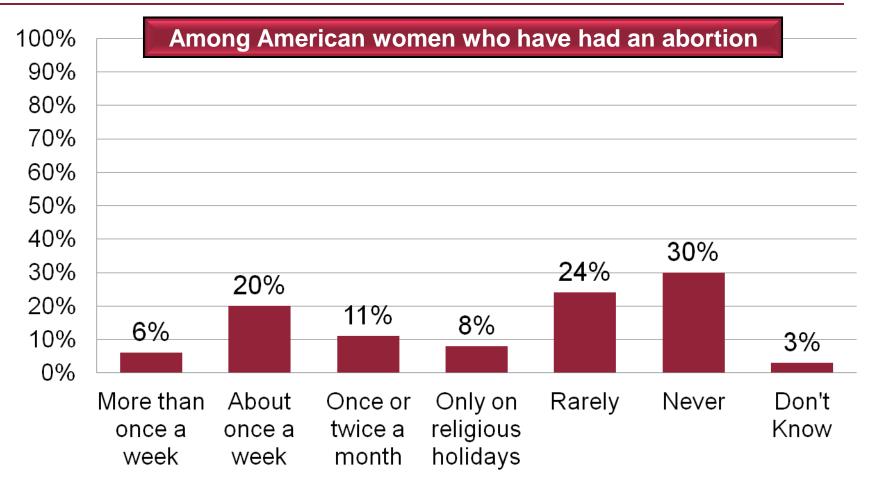
- A demographically balanced online panel was used for interviewing American women between May 6-13, 2015
- Quotas and slight weights were used to ensure the sample matched national totals for ethnicity, age, income, and region
- This nationally balanced sample was screened to only include those women who indicated that had ever had a pregnancy termination/abortion medical procedure
- The completed sample is 1,038 surveys



### **Survey Responses**



#### 36% of women were attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of their first abortion

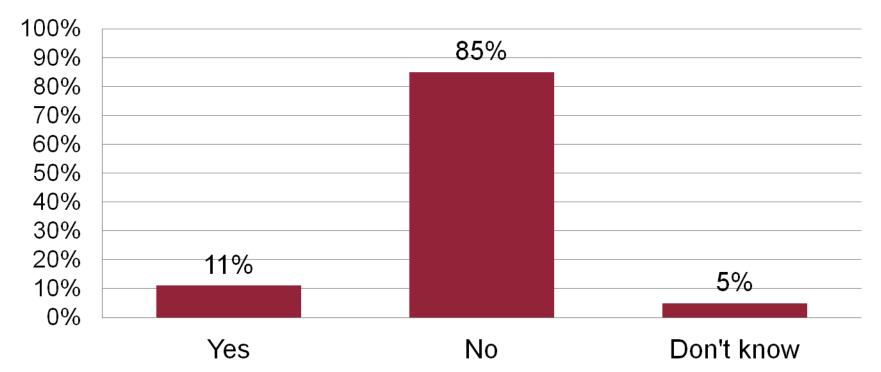




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Q: "At the time of your first pregnancy termination/abortion how often are you attending religious services at a Christian church? (Select One)"

## Among women who were attending less often, 11% were attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of a subsequent abortion



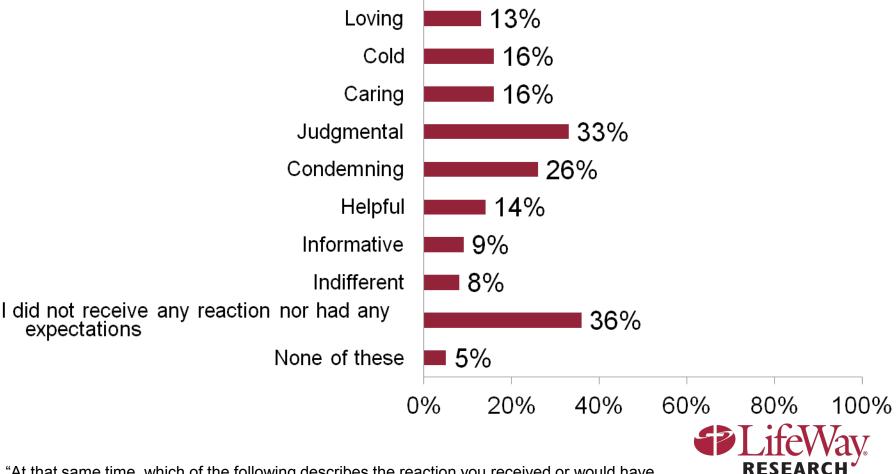
A total of 43% of women who have had an abortion were attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of one of their abortions.

Q: "Were you attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of <u>any</u> of these pregnancy terminations/abortions? (Select One)" Asked of women who were attending less than once a month at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion. n=663



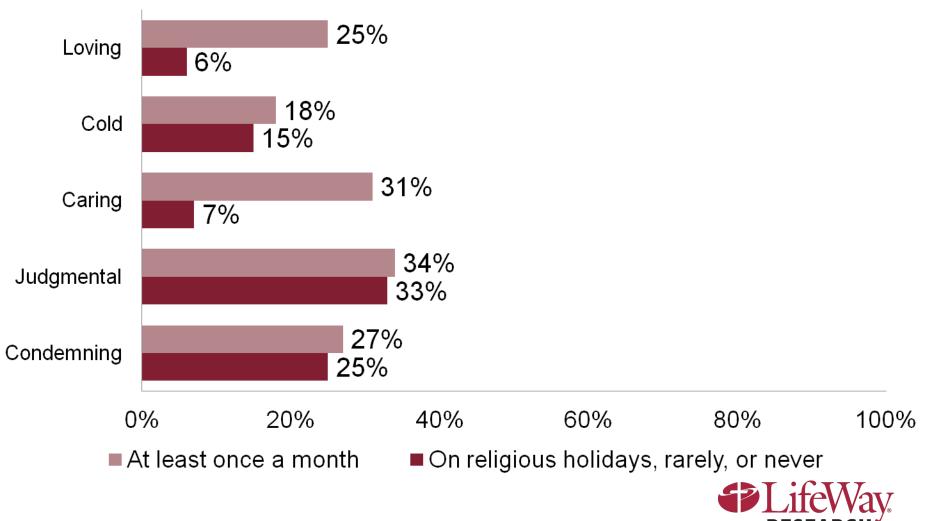
#### As women considered their abortion decision, the most typical reactions/expectations were judgmental or condemning

#### The reaction I received or expected was...



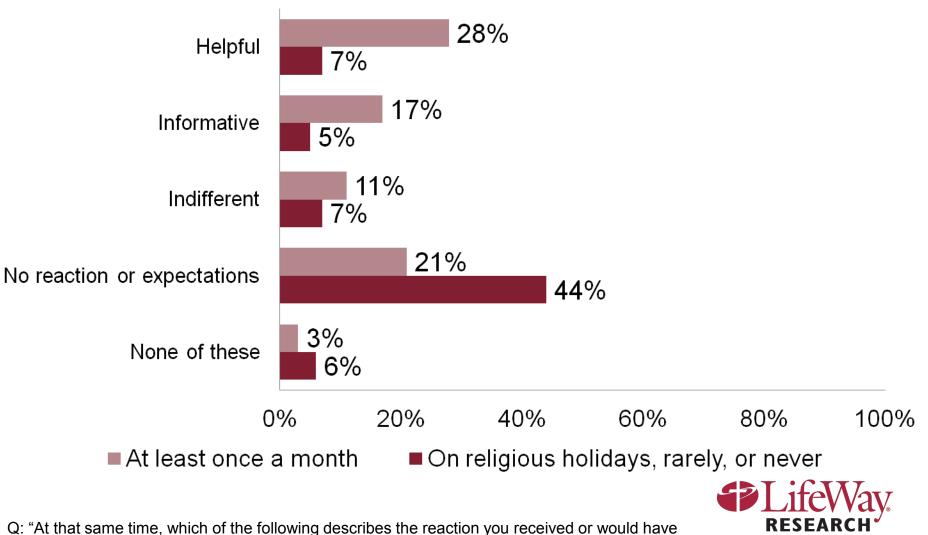
Q: "At that same time, which of the following describes the reaction you received or would have expected to receive from a local church as you considered this decision? (Select all that apply)"

#### **Reactions and expectations from a local church by church attendance at that time**



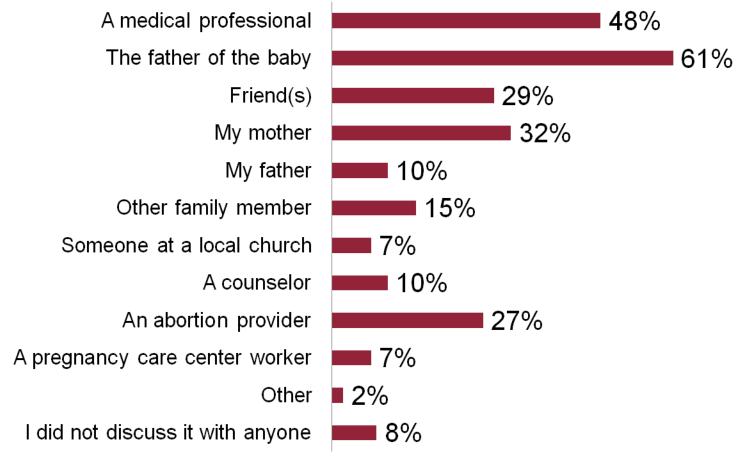
Q: "At that same time, which of the following describes the reaction you received or would have expected to receive from a local church as you considered this decision? (Select all that apply)"

#### **Reactions and expectations from a local church by church attendance (cont.)**



Q: "At that same time, which of the following describes the reaction you received or would have expected to receive from a local church as you considered this decision? (Select all that apply)"

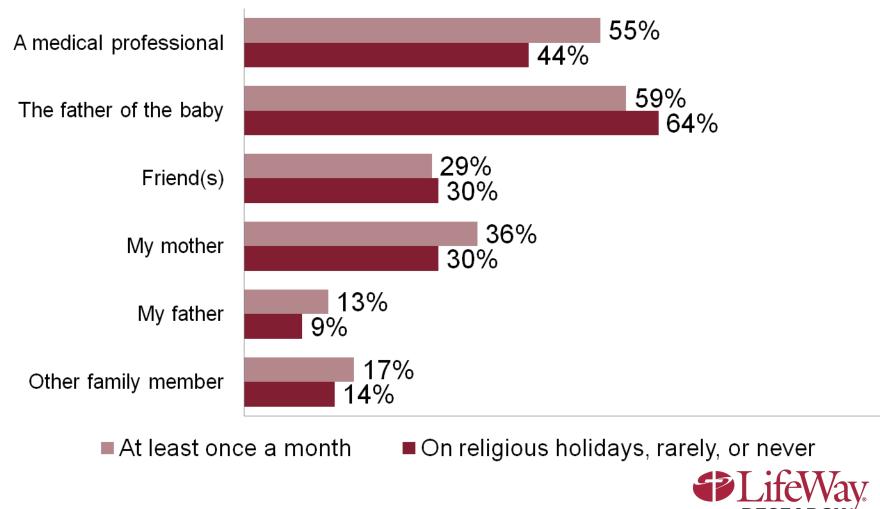
## Women are most likely to discuss their decision to terminate their pregnancy with the father of the baby or a medical professional





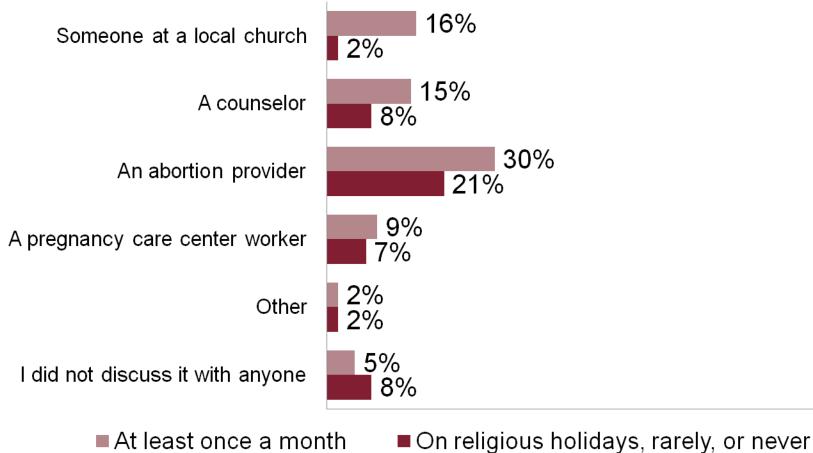
Q: "With whom did you discuss this pregnancy termination/abortion decision? (Select all that apply)"

#### With whom the decision was discussed by church attendance at that time



Q: "With whom did you discuss this pregnancy termination/abortion decision? (Select all that apply)"

#### With whom the decision was discussed by church attendance (cont.)



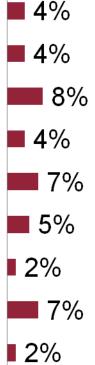


Q: "With whom did you discuss this pregnancy termination/abortion decision? (Select all that apply)"

#### 76% of women indicate local churches had no influence on their decision to terminate their pregnancy

#### A local church...

<b>4</b> 9	Paid for the termination/abortion
<b>4</b> 9	Drove me to the pregnancy termination/abortion
	Provided information on alternatives to abortion
<b>4</b> 9	Referred me to an abortion provider
- 7	Referred me to a counselor
<b>5</b>	Referred me to a pregnancy care center
∎ 2%	Encouraged me to have the procedure
7	Encouraged me not to have the procedure
2%	Other
	Local churches had no influence on my decision

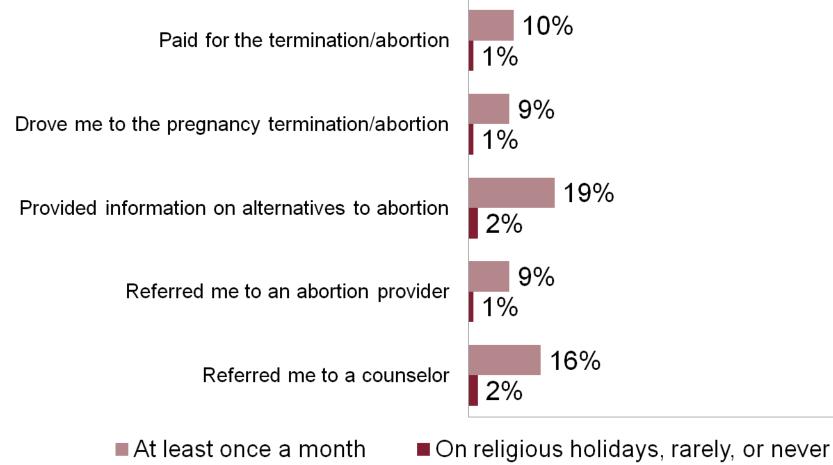


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76%

Q: "Did a local church influence your decision in any of the following ways? (Select all that apply)"

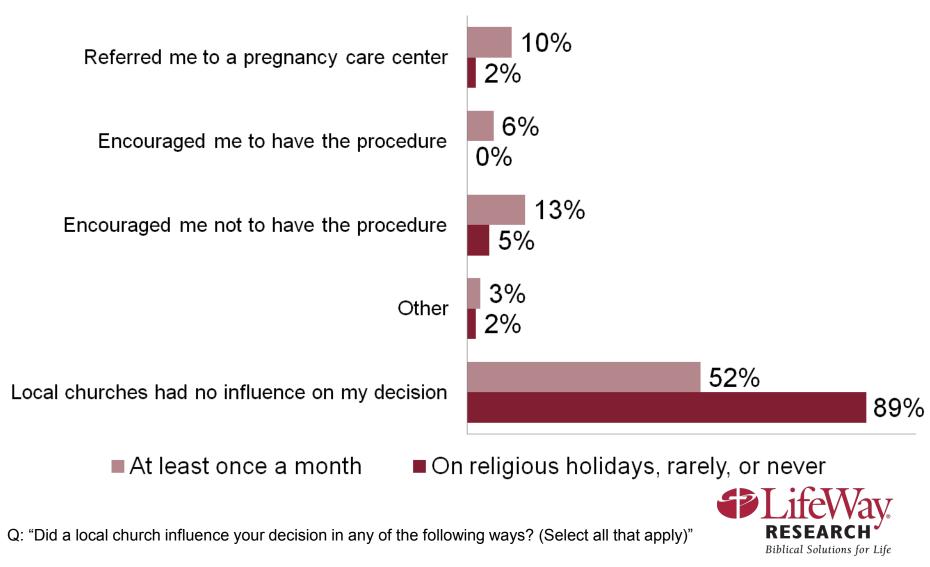
## Local church influence by church attendance at that time



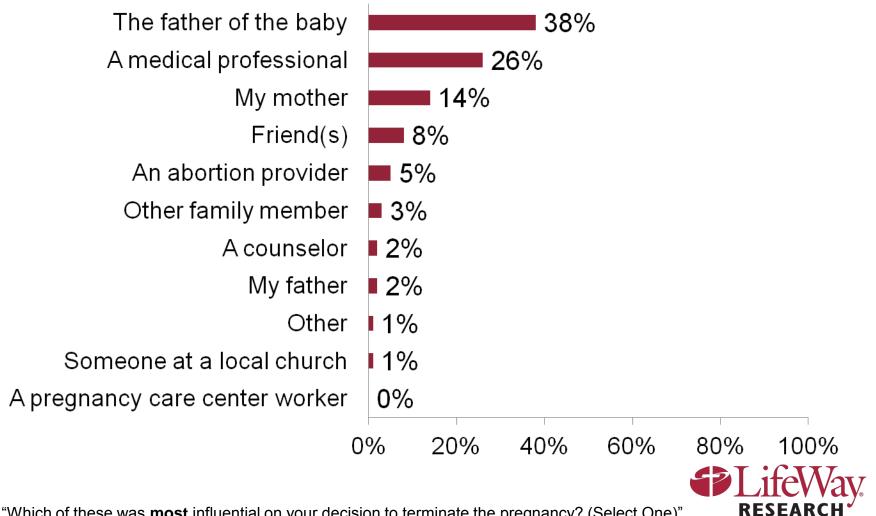


Q: "Did a local church influence your decision in any of the following ways? (Select all that apply)"

## Local church influence by church attendance (cont.)

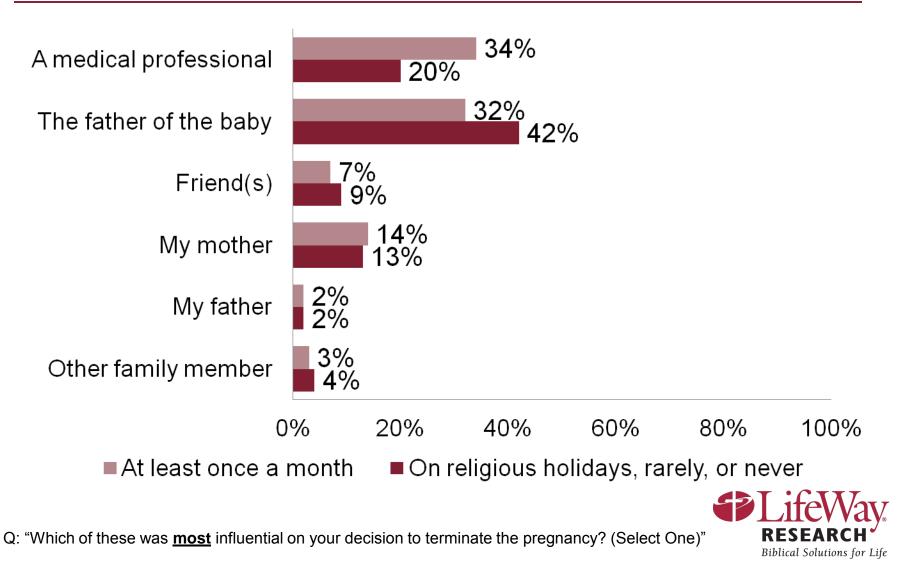


#### More than one-third (38%) of women indicate the father of the baby was most influential on their abortion decision

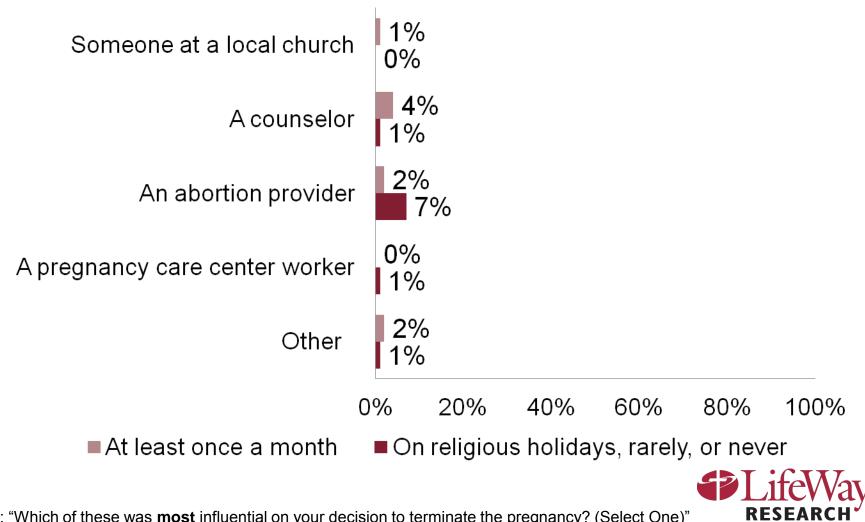


Q: "Which of these was most influential on your decision to terminate the pregnancy? (Select One)"

### Most influential person by church attendance at that time

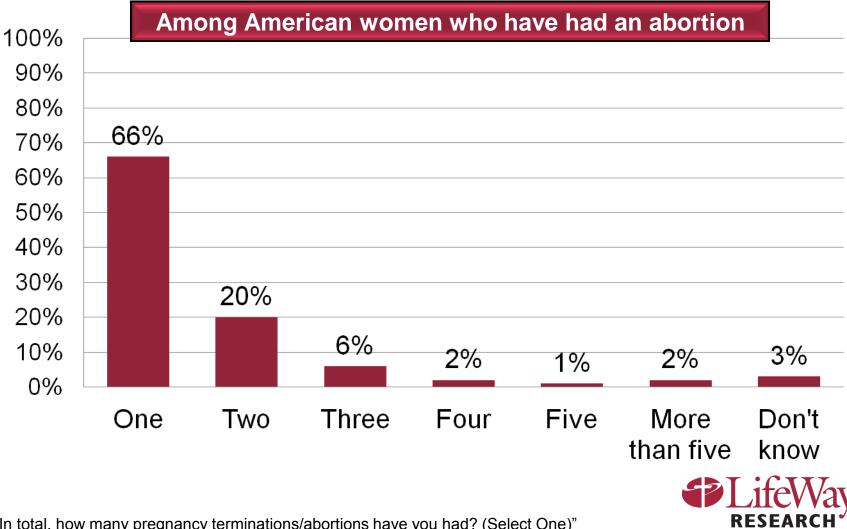


#### Most influential person by church attendance (cont.)



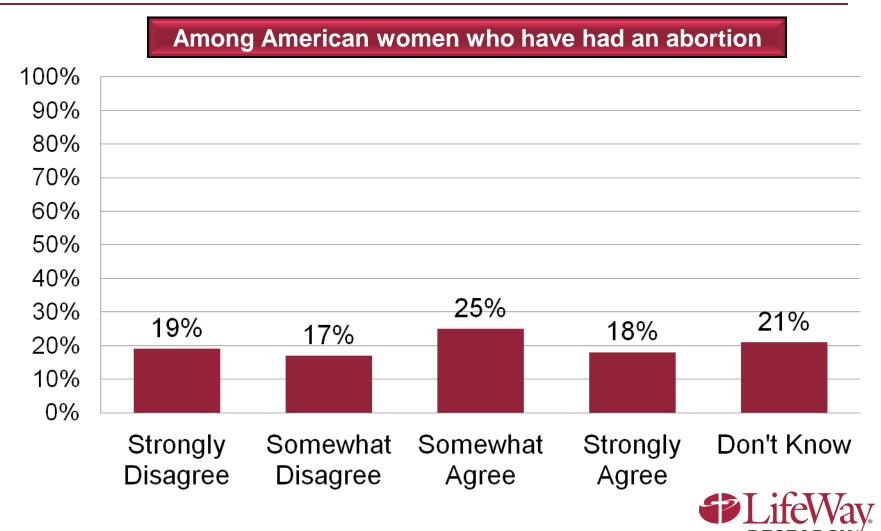
Q: "Which of these was most influential on your decision to terminate the pregnancy? (Select One)"

#### **30% of women who have had an abortion** indicate they have had more than one pregnancy termination or abortion



Q: "In total, how many pregnancy terminations/abortions have you had? (Select One)"

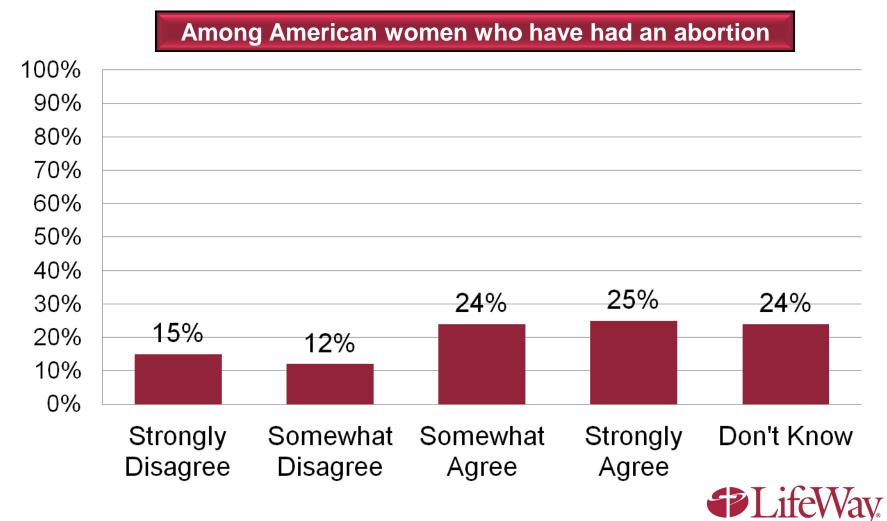
#### 43% of women who have had an abortion agree that it is safe to talk with a pastor about abortion



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. It is safe to talk with a pastor about abortion."

19

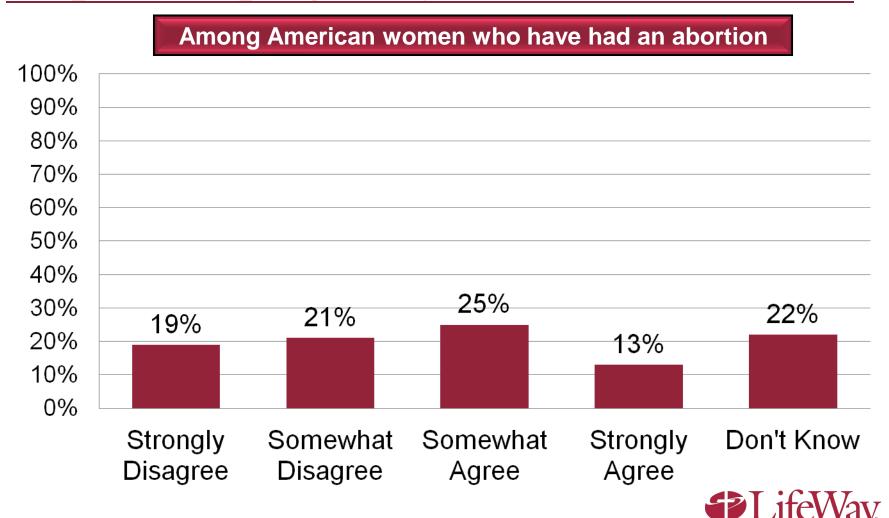
#### 49% of women who have had an abortion agree that pastors' teachings on forgiveness don't seem to apply to terminated pregnancies



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Pastors' teachings on forgiveness don't seem to apply to terminated pregnancies/abortion."

20

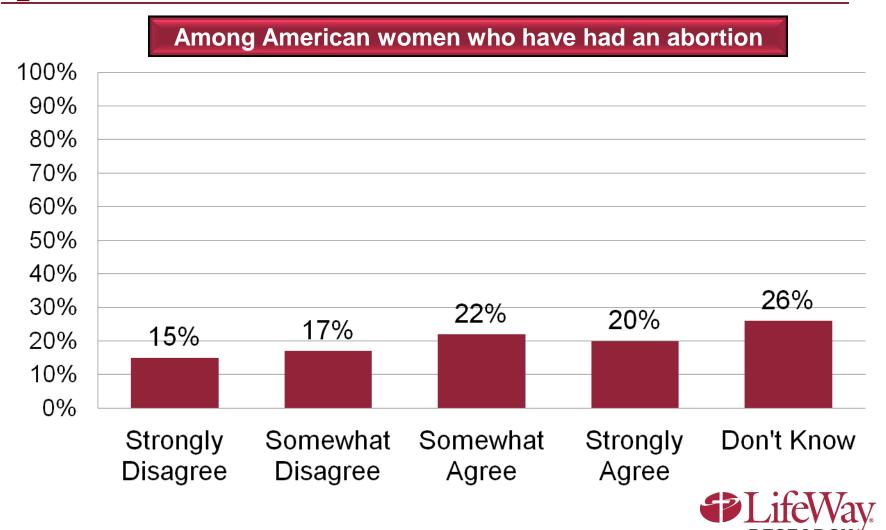
# **39% agree that pastors are sensitive to the pressures a woman faces with an unplanned pregnancy**



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Pastors are sensitive to the pressures a woman faces with an unplanned pregnancy."

21

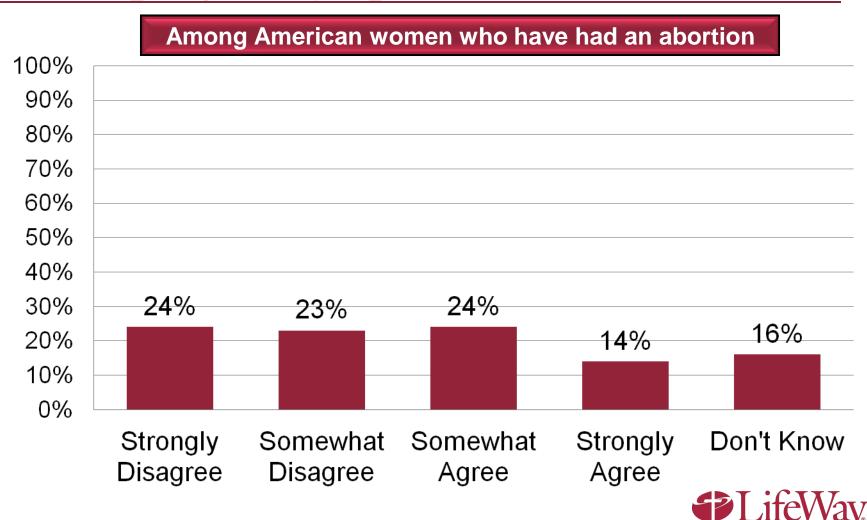
#### More than 4 in 10 (42%) agree that pastors teach that God is willing to forgive past abortion decisions



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Pastors teach that God is willing to forgive past abortion decisions."

22

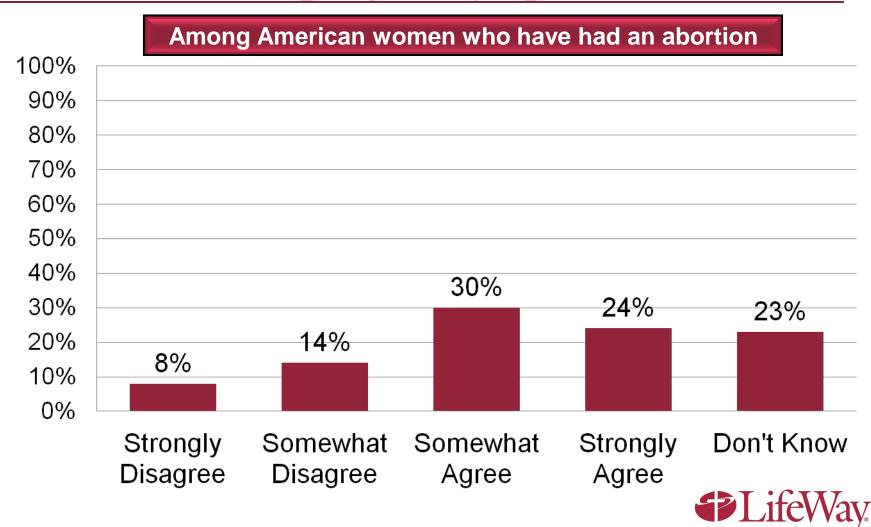
#### 38% of women who have had an abortion agree that churches are a safe place to talk about pregnancy options



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches are a safe place to talk about pregnancy options including parenting, abortion, and adoption."

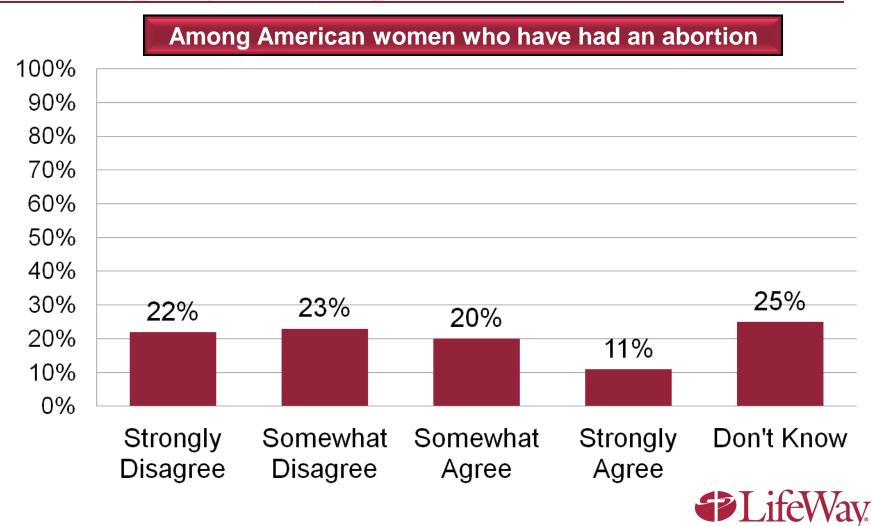
23

# Over half (54%) of women who have had an abortion agree that churches over-simplify decisions about pregnancy options



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches oversimplify decisions about pregnancy options."

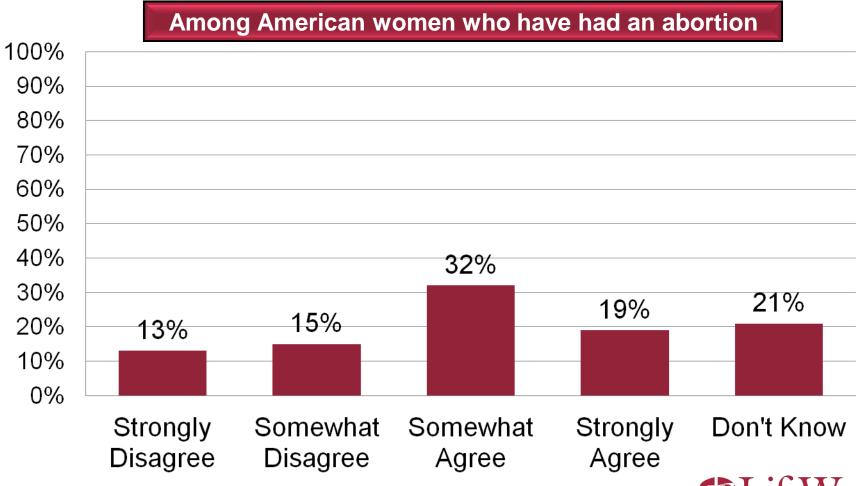
# **30% of women who have had an abortion agree that churches give accurate advice about pregnancy options**



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches give accurate advice about pregnancy options including parenting, abortion, and adoption."

25

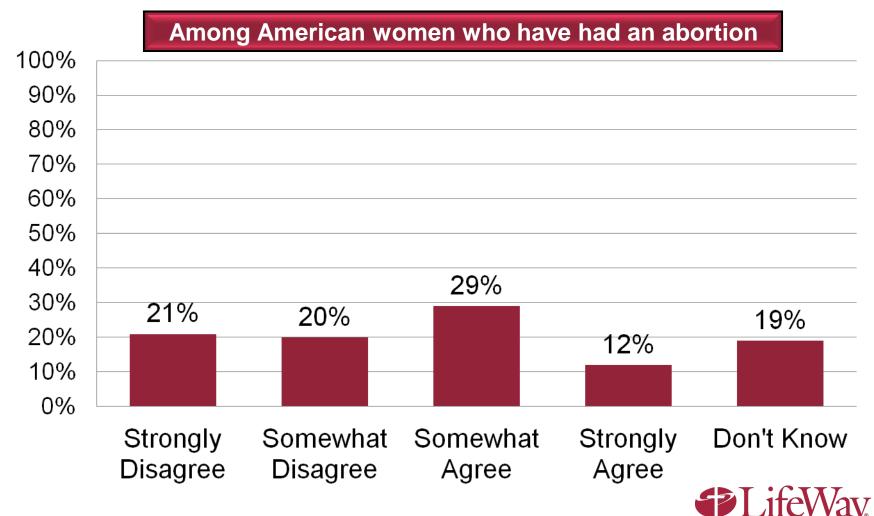
#### More than half (51%) agree that churches are prepared to provide support to women who chose to keep a child from an unplanned pregnancy



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches are prepared to provide material, emotional, and spiritual support to women who chose to keep a child resulting from an unplanned pregnancy."

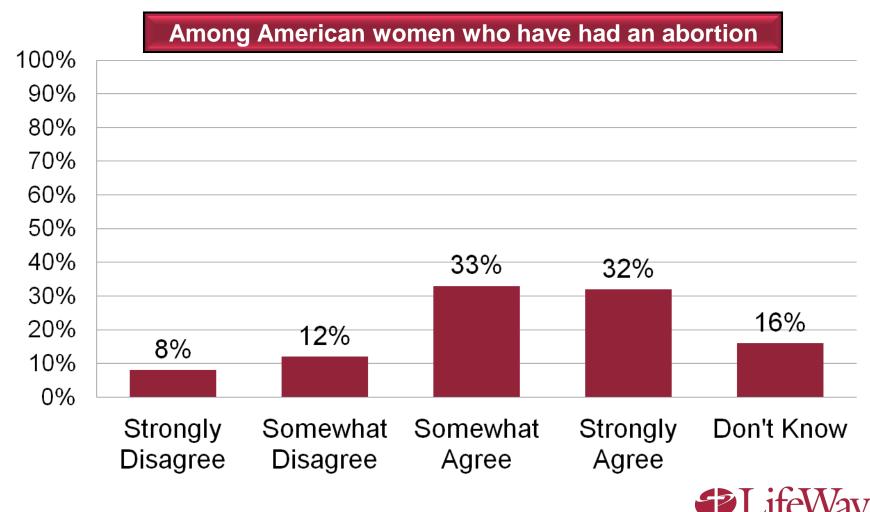
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#### 41% of women who have had an abortion agree that churches are prepared to help women with their decisions about unwanted pregnancies



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches are prepared to help women with their decisions about unwanted pregnancies."

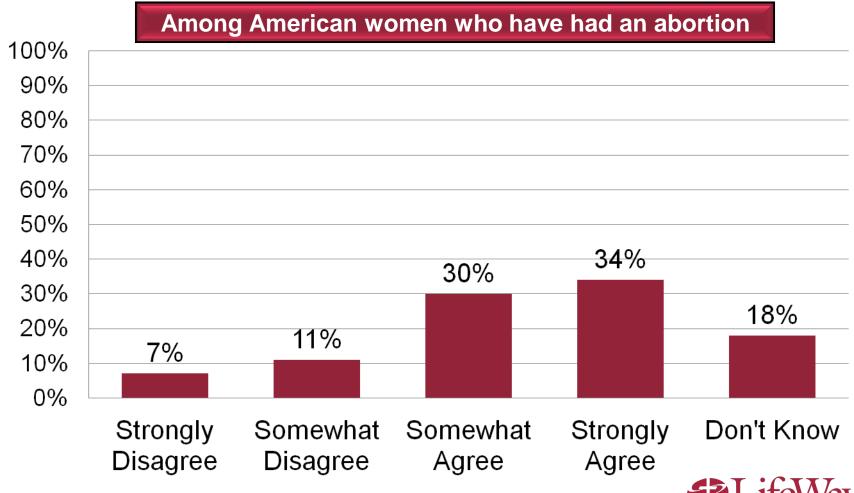
#### Two-thirds (65%) of women who have had an abortion agree that church members judge single women who are pregnant



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Church members judge single women who are pregnant."

28

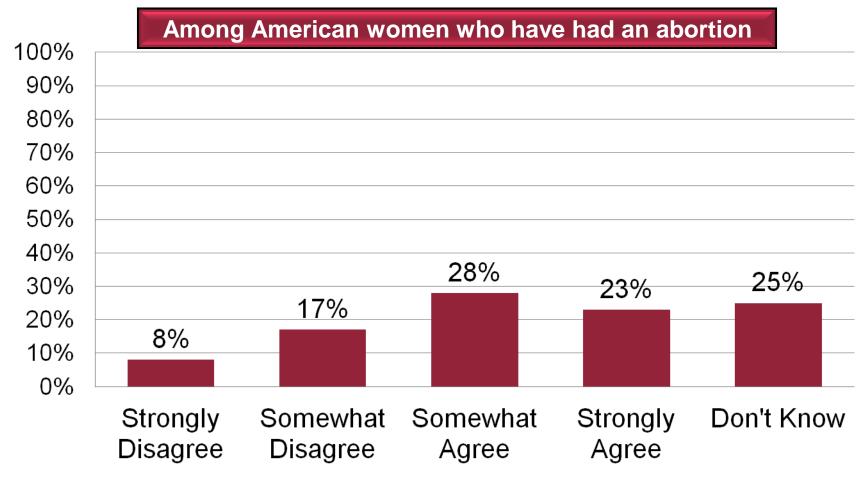
#### 64% agree that church members are more likely to gossip about a woman considering abortion than help her understand options



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Church members are more likely to gossip about a woman considering an abortion than help her understand her options."

**EXAMPLE 1 EXAMPLE 1 EXAMP** 

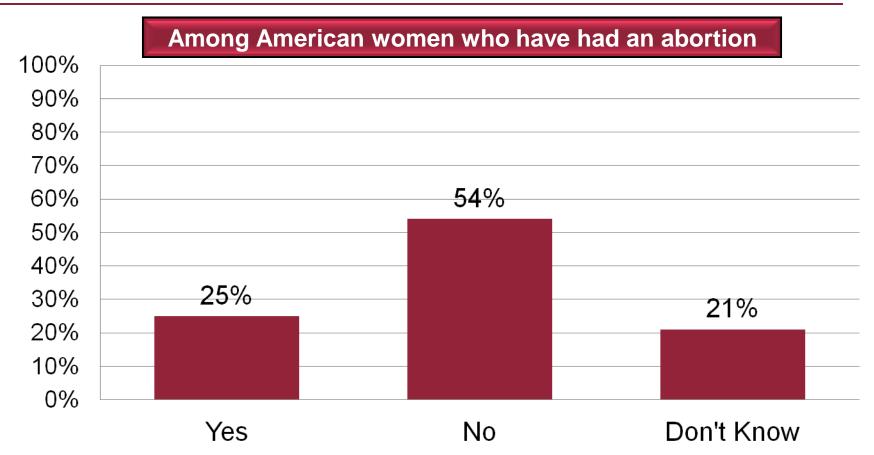
# Half (51%) agree that churches do <u>not</u> have a ministry prepared to discuss options during an unplanned pregnancy



Q: "For each of the following statements, please indicate your level of agreement. Churches do not have a ministry prepared to discuss options during an unplanned pregnancy."



Twice as many women would <u>not</u> recommend to someone close to them that they discuss their decision regarding an unplanned pregnancy with someone at a local church

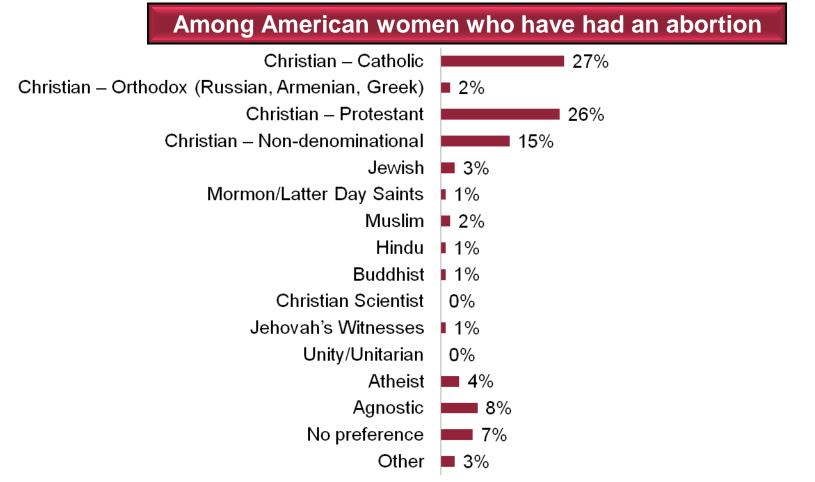


Q: "If you or someone close to you had an unplanned pregnancy, would you recommend they discuss the decision with someone at a local church?"



31

#### Seven in 10 (70%) women who have had an abortion indicate their religious preference is Christian

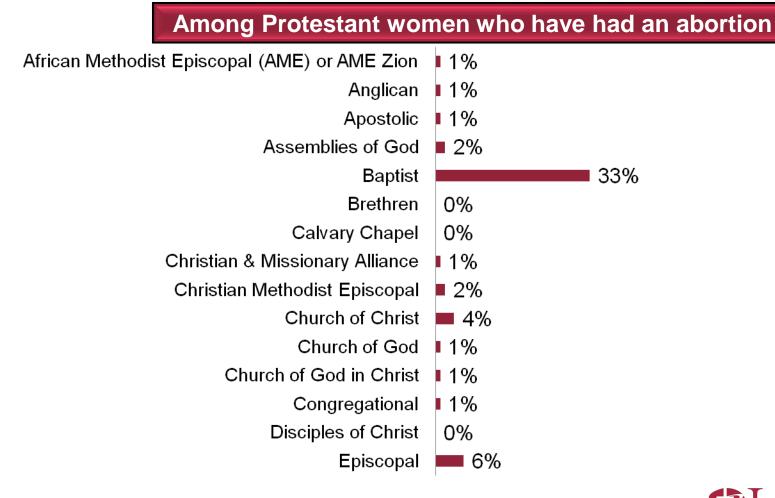


Christian – Protestant was defined as "including Adventist, Baptist, Church of Christ, Church of God, Episcopal, Lutheran, Methodists, Presbyterian, etc."



Q: "What is your religious preference? (Select One)"

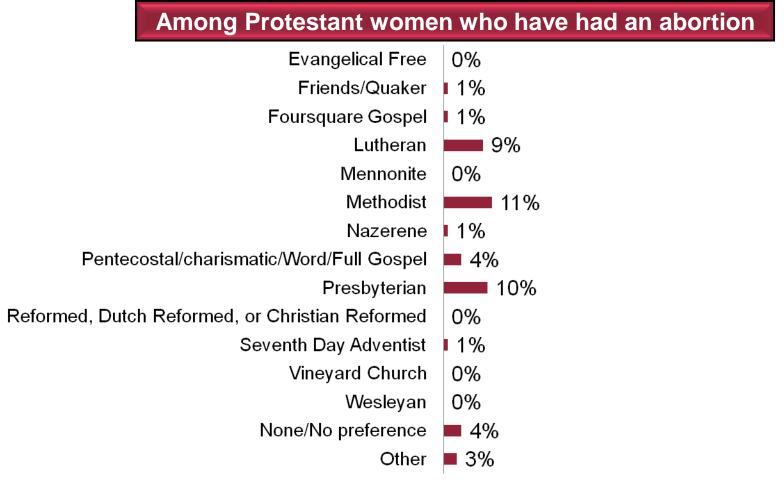
### **One-third (33%) of Protestant women who have had an abortion are Baptist**





Q: "What specific denomination or affiliation do you prefer? (Select one)" Asked of those whose religious preference is Christian—Protestant. n=274

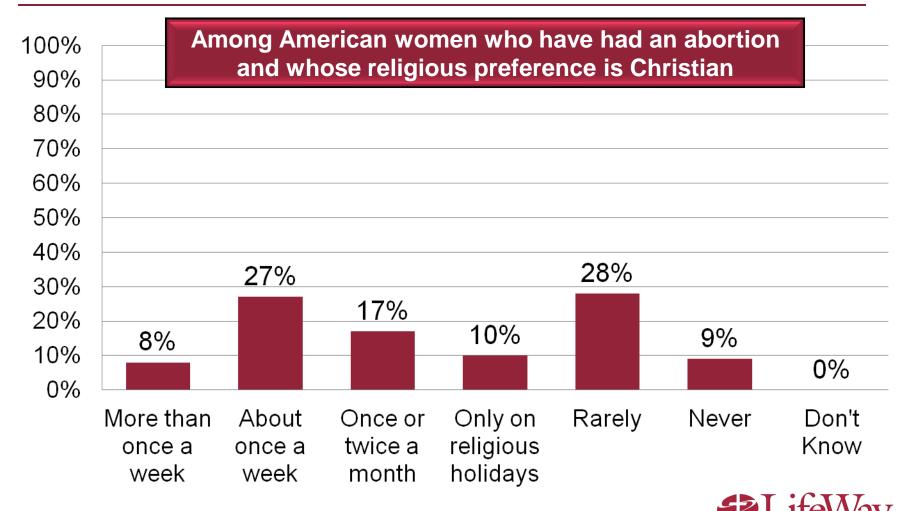
#### While another 31% indicate they affiliate with the Lutheran, Methodist or Presbyterian denominations





Q: "What specific denomination or affiliation do you prefer? (Select one)" Asked of those whose religious preference is Christian—Protestant. n=274

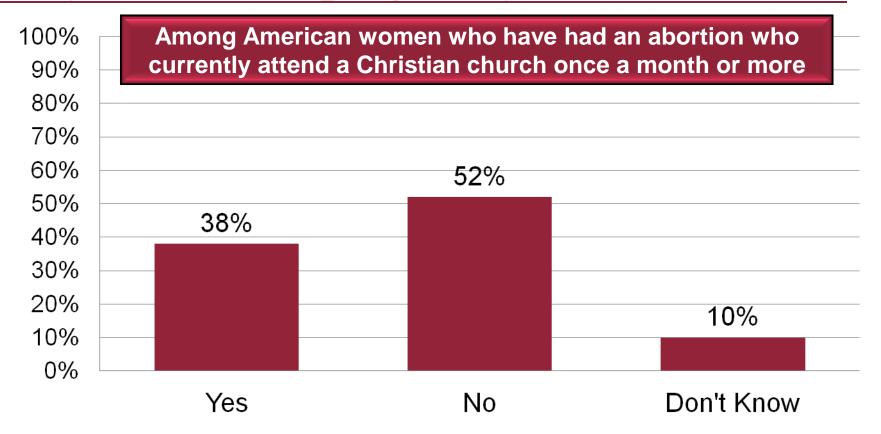
#### 35% of Christian women who have had an abortion indicate they currently attend church once a week or more



Q: "How often do you attend religious services at a Christian church? (Select One)" Asked of those with a Christian religious preference. n=721

35

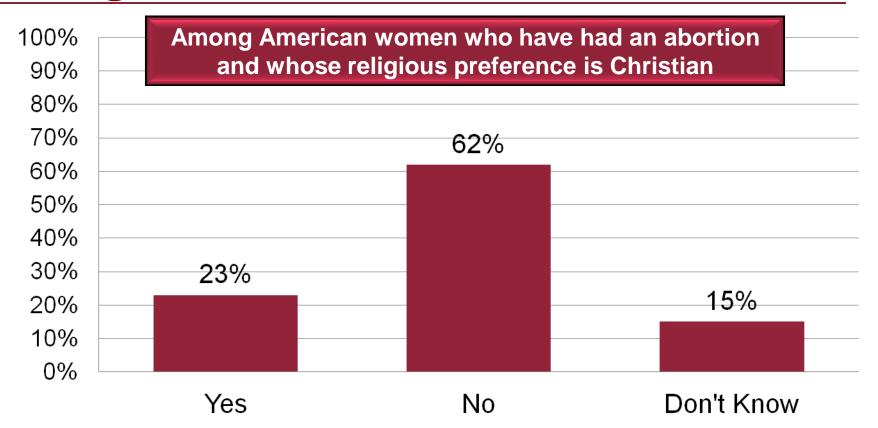
#### 52% of churchgoers who have had an abortion have no one at church who knows they have had a pregnancy terminated



Q: "Does anyone at your church know that you have had a pregnancy termination/abortion?" Asked of those who currently attend a Christian church once a month or more. n=381



### 23% of Christian women who have had an abortion consider themselves to be an evangelical Christian



Q: "Do you consider yourself to be an evangelical Christian? (Select One)" Asked among those with a Christian religious preference. n=721



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## **Significant Differences**

Age Ethnicity Region Household Income Religious Preference Denomination Self-identified Evangelical



## **Significant Statistical Differences**

Comparisons were made to determine if there are any significant statistical differences among age, ethnicity, region of the country, and education level.

Age	Ethnicity	Region	Household Income
18-24	Asian	Northeast	Less than \$25,000
25-34	African American	Midwest	\$25,000-34,999
35-44	Hispanic	South	\$35,000-49,999
45-54	White	West	\$50,000-74,999
55-64			\$75,000-99,999
65+			\$100,000 or more

Note: Region is defined by US Census regions



## **Significant Statistical Differences**

Comparisons were made to determine if there are any significant statistical differences among religious preference, denomination, and self-identified Evangelical.

Religious Preference	Denomination	Self-Identified Evangelical
Christian*	Protestant / Nondenominational	Yes
Other Religions	Catholic	No / not sure
Nonreligious**		

\*includes Catholic, Protestant, Nondenominational, and Orthodox \*\*includes Atheist, Agnostic, and No Preference



#### At the time of your first pregnancy termination/ abortion how often are you attending religious services at a Christian church?

- Those age 18-34 are most likely to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion.
- Those classifying themselves as White (30%) are less likely than Asians (46%), African Americans (47%), and Hispanics (44%) to have been attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy/abortion.
- Those in the South (41%) are more likely than those in the Northeast (29%) to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion.
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (21%) in household income are least likely to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion, while those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (54%) in household income are most likely.



#### At the time of your first pregnancy termination/ abortion how often are you attending religious services at a Christian church?

- Christians (44%) are more likely to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion than Other Religions (24%), who are more likely than Nonreligious (12%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians are more likely to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion (65% v 30%).
- Those currently attending more than once a week (77%) and about once a week (75%) are more likely to have been attending church once a month or more at the time of their first pregnancy termination/abortion than those currently attending once or twice a month (54%), who are more likely than those currently attending Only on religious holidays (19%), Rarely (19%), or Never (15%).



### Were you attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of <u>any</u> of these pregnancy terminations/abortions?

#### • Yes

- Those who are 18-34 (17%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (9%) or 65+ (3%).
- Those who classify themselves as White (8%) are least likely to select.
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (4%) and those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (4%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (13%), \$50,000-74,999 (12%), \$75,000-99,999 (18%), or \$100,000 or more (15%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic, or No Preference (4%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (22%) are more likely to select than those who are not (10%).



### Were you attending a Christian church once a month or more at the time of <u>any</u> of these pregnancy terminations/abortions?

- No
  - Those who are 18-34 (78%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who classify themselves as White (88%) are more likely to select than African Americans (76%) or Hispanics (80%).

#### Don't know

- Those from the Midwest (9%) are more likely to select than those from the West (2%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (8%) are more likely to select than those earning \$75,000-99,999 (1%) or \$100,000 or more (3%).
- Those choosing Christian (6%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than those choosing Atheist, Agnostic, or No Preference (2%).



#### Loving

- Those age 18-34 (20%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (6%) and 65+ (8%).
- Those age 35-49 (14%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (6%).
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (36%) are the most likely to select.
- Those classifying themselves as African American (17%) or as Hispanic (18%) are more likely to select than White (8%).
- Those in the Northeast (8%) and Midwest (8%) are less likely to select than those in the South (16%) and West (15%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (20%) in household income are more likely to select than those earning less than \$25,000 (7%) or those earning \$25,000-34,999 (10%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (3%) as their religious preference are less likely to select than Christian (15%) or Other Religions (12%).



#### Loving

- Catholics (20%) are more likely to select than Protestants and nondenominational (13%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (32%) are more likely to select than those who are not (9%).

#### Cold

- Those age 18-34 (22%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (13%).
- Those age 35-49 (18%) are the least likely to select.
- Those age 65+ (1%) are less likely to select than those age 50-64 (13%).
- Those classifying themselves as Hispanic (23%) are more likely to select than White (14%) or African American (13%).



#### · Cold

 Those who earn less than \$25,000 (11%) in household income are less likely to select than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (19%) or those earning \$75,000-99,999 (19%).

#### Caring

- Those age 18-34 (26%) are more likely to select than those age 35-49 (17%) and those age 50-64 (7%).
- Those age 65+ (9%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (7%).
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (34%) are most likely to select.
- Those classifying themselves as African American (20%) or as Hispanic (21%) are more likely to select than White (11%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (29%) in household income are most likely to select.
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (5%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.



#### Caring

- Catholics (24%) are more likely to select than Protestants and nondenominational (16%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (34%) are more likely to select than those who are not (12%).

#### Judgmental

- Those age 65+ (15%) are least likely to select.
- Those classifying themselves as Hispanic (42%) are most likely to select.
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (24%) in household income are least likely to select.

#### Condemning

- Those age 65+ (17%) are least likely to select.
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (19%) are less likely to select than Hispanics (32%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (19%) in household income are less likely to select than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (29%) or \$100,000 or more (28%).

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- Helpful
  - Those age 18-34 (26%) are most likely to select.
  - Those classifying themselves as Asian (38%) are most likely to select.
  - Those classifying themselves as White (8%) are less likely to select than African American (22%) or Hispanic (19%).
  - Those in the Midwest (10%) are less likely to select than those in the South (18%).
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (25%) are most likely to select.
  - Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (6%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
  - Catholics (21%) are more likely to select than Protestants and nondenominational (13%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (28%) are more likely to select than those who are not (12%).



- Informative
  - Those age 18-34 (18%) are most likely to select.
  - Those age 35-49 (7%) and those age 50-64 (5%) are more likely to select than those age 65+ (1%).
  - Those classifying themselves as Asian (22%) are most likely to select.
  - Those classifying themselves as African American (13%) are more likely to select than those classifying themselves as Hispanic (11%) or White (6%).
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (17%) in household income are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (5%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (7%), \$35,000-49,999 (11%) \$50,000-74,999 (7%) and \$100,000 or more (8%).
  - Those choosing Christian (11%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (4%).



#### Informative

 Self-identified evangelical Christians (18%) are more likely to select than those who are not (7%).

#### Indifferent

- Those age 18-34 (13%) are most likely to select.
- Those age 35-49 (9%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (4%) or those 65+ (4%).
- Those classifying themselves as White (6%) are less likely to select than African Americans (11%) or Hispanics (14%).
- Those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (18%) are most likely to select.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (15%) are more likely to select than those who are not (7%).



- I did not receive any reaction nor had any expectations about how a church would respond.
  - Those age 18-34 (19%) are least likely to select.
  - Those age 50-64 (47%) and those age 65+ (53%) are more likely to select than those age 35-49 (37%).
  - Those classifying themselves as White (42%) are more likely to select than those who classify themselves as Asian (19%), African American (31%) or Hispanic (24%).
  - Those earning less than \$25,000 (46%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (25%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (35%) and those who earn \$100,000 or more (36%).
  - Those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (35%) are least likely to select.
  - Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (49%) as their religious preference are most likely to select.



- I did not receive any reaction nor had any expectations about how a church would respond.
  - Protestants and nondenominational (37%) are more likely to select than Catholics (27%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (22%) are less likely to select than those who are not (38%).
- None of these
  - Those age 65+ (13%) are most likely to select.
  - Those with household income less than \$25,000 (11%) are most likely to select.



#### A Medical Professional

- Those age 50-64 (45%) are less likely to select than those age 65+ (56%).
- Those classifying themselves as African American (41%) are less likely to select than Whites (51%).
- Those from the Northeast (57%) are more likely to select than those in the Midwest (43%) or South (43%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (36%) are least likely to select.
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (58%) are most likely to select.
- Those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (45%) and those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (46%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (52%) and those who earn \$100,000 or more (50%).

#### The father of the baby

- Those classifying themselves as African American (52%) are less likely to select than Whites (64%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (52%) are least likely to select.



- Friend(s)
  - Those age 65+ (13%) are least likely to select.
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (21%) are least likely to select.
- My mother
  - Those age 18-34 (42%) are most likely to select.
  - Those age 35-49 (32%) are more likely to select than those who are 50-64 (26%) and those who are 65+ (22%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (40%) are more likely to select than those who are not (31%).

#### My father

- Those age 18-34 (14%) are more likely to select than those ages 50-64 (8%) or 65+ (5%).
- Other family member
  - Those age 18-34 (20%) are more likely to select than those age 35-49 (13%) or 65+ (7%).



#### Other family member

- Those age 50-64 (15%) are more likely to select than those age 65+ (7%).
- Those classifying themselves as African American (21%) are more likely to select than Whites (13%)
- Those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (21%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (11%) or \$100,000 or more (13%).

#### Someone at a local church

- Those age 18-34 (10%) are more likely to select than those age 65+ (3%).
- Those from the South (11%) are more likely to select than those in the Northeast (3%) or West (4%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (2%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (11%) are more likely to select than those who are not (6%).



#### A counselor

 Those classifying themselves as Hispanic (15%) are more likely to select than Whites (9%).

#### An abortion provider

- Those age 35-49 (32%) are more likely to select than those age 18-34 (24%) or 65+ (18%).
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (17%) are less likely to select than White (30%).
- Those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (38%) are more likely to select than household incomes of less than \$25,000 (23%), \$75,000-99,999 (23%) and \$100,000 or more (23%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (36%) as their religious preference are most likely to select.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (18%) are less likely to select than those who are not (28%).



#### A pregnancy care center worker

- Those age 65+ (0%) are least likely to select.
- Those who classify themselves as Hispanic (12%) are more likely to select than Whites (6%).
- Those from the Midwest (4%) are less likely to select than those in the Northeast (9%) or South (9%).
- Other
  - Those age 18-34 (0%) are least likely to select.
  - Those who classify themselves as Asian (0%) are least likely to select.
- I did not discuss it with anyone
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (16%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (10%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (5%), \$50,000-74,999 (6%) and \$100,000 or more (7%).



#### I did not discuss it with anyone

• Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (13%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than Christians (7%).



#### • Paid for the termination/abortion

- Those age 18-34 (11%) are most likely to select.
- Those age 35-49 (3%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (<1%) and those age 65+ (0%).</li>
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (11%) or Hispanic (9%) are more likely to select than African American (3%) or White (2%).
- Those from the South (3%) are less likely to select than those from the West (7%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (10%) are most likely to select.
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (1%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
- Catholics (8%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (2%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (15%) are more likely to select than those who are not (2%).



#### • Drove me to the pregnancy termination/abortion

- Those age 18-34 (9%) are most likely to select.
- Those age 35-49 (3%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (0%) and those age 65+ (0%).
- Those classifying themselves as White (2%) are less likely to select than those classifying themselves as Asian (9%), African American (5%), or Hispanic (7%).
- Those from the Northeast (2%) are less likely to select than those from the West (6%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (9%) are more likely to select than those earning less than \$25,000 (3%), \$50,000-74,999 (2%), or \$100,000 or more (3%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (<1%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.



- Drove me to the pregnancy termination/abortion
  - Catholics (6%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (2%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (13%) are more likely to select than those who are not (2%).

#### Provided information on alternatives to abortion

- Those age 18-34 (17%) are most likely to select
- Those age 35-49 (9%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (1%) and those age 65+ (1%).
- Those classifying themselves as White (4%) are least likely to select.
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (15%) are more likely to select those earning \$25,000-34,999 (6%) and 100,000 or more (8%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (3%) are least likely to select.
- Catholics (13%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (6%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (20%) are more likely to select than those who are not (6%).



- Referred me to an abortion provider
  - Those age 18-34 (10%) are most likely to select
  - Those age 35-49 (4%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (1%).
  - Those classifying themselves as Asian (20%) are most likely to select.
  - Those classifying themselves as White (2%) are less likely to select than Hispanic (5%).
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (11%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (1%) are less likely to select than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (4%).



#### Referred me to an abortion provider

- Those choosing Other Religions (13%) as their religious preference are the most likely to select.
- Catholics (5%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (2%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (10%) are more likely to select than those who are not (3%).

#### Referred me to a counselor

- Those age 18-34 (15%) are most likely to select.
- Those age 50-64 (2%) and those age 65+ (1%) are less likely to select than those age 35-49 (7%).
- Those classifying themselves as Asian (19%) are most likely to select.
- Those classifying themselves as Hispanic (12%) are more likely to select than those classifying themselves as African American (8%) or White (5%).



#### • Referred me to a counselor

- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (2%) are least likely to select.
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (2%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (12%) are more likely to select than those who are not (6%).
- Referred me to a pregnancy care center
  - Those age 18-34 (11%) are most likely to select.
  - Those classifying themselves as White (2%) are least likely to select.
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (1%) are least likely to select.
  - Those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (8%) and \$75,000-99,999 (7%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (5%) and \$100,000 or more (5%).



- Referred me to a pregnancy care center
  - Those choosing Other Religions (9%) as their religious preference are most likely to select.
  - Catholics (7%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (3%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (8%) are more likely to select than those who are not (4%).
- Encouraged me to have the procedure
  - Those age 18-34 (6%) are most likely to select.
  - Those choosing Other Religions (5%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (<1%).</li>
  - Catholics (4%) are more likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (1%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (6%) are more likely to select than those who are not (2%).



- Encouraged me <u>not</u> to have the procedure
  - Those who are 18-34 (13%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who are 35-49 (8%) are more likely to select than those who are 50-64 (4%) and those who are 65+ (0%).
  - Those who classify themselves as White (5%) are more likely to select than African Americans (10%) or Hispanics (14%).
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (4%) are less likely to select than those earning \$35,000-49,999 (10%) or \$75,000-99,999 (12%).
  - Those choosing Christian (9%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (4%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (13%) are more likely to select than those who are not (6%).



- Other
  - Those who are 18-34 (1%) are less likely to select than those age 65+ (6%).
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (5%) are more likely to select than those earning \$75,000-99,999 (1%) or \$100,000 ore more (1%).
- Local churches had no influence on my decision
  - Those age 18-34 (54%) are least likely to select.
  - Those age 50-64 (90%) are more likely to select than those who are 35-49 (78%).
  - Those classifying themselves as Asian (52%) and those who classify themselves as Hispanic (59%) are less likely to select than those classifying themselves African American (71%) or White (85%).



- Local churches had no influence on my decision
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (85%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (62%) are least likely to select.
  - Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (90%) as their religious preference are most likely to select.
  - Catholics (66%) are less likely to select than Protestant, Nondenominational (78%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (51%) are less likely to select than those who are not (80%).



## Which of these was most influential on your decision to terminate the pregnancy?

- A medical professional
  - Those age 65+ (42%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who earn less than \$25,000 (19%) and those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (17%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (32%) and those who earn \$100,000 or more (31%).

#### The father of the baby

- No significant differences.
- A friend
  - Those age 65+ (0%) are least likely to select.
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (13%) are more likely to select than those who are not (7%).

#### My mother

Those who earn less than \$25,000 (21%) are more likely to select than those earning \$35,000-49,999 (9%), \$50,000-74,999 (10%), and \$100,000 or more (12%).



## Which of these was most influential on your decision to terminate the pregnancy?

- My father
  - Those age 50-64 (<1%) are less likely to select than those age 65+ (4%).
  - Those who classify themselves as African American (5%) are most likely to select.

#### Other family member

 Those with household income of \$100,000 or more (1%) are less likely to select than those who earn less than \$25,000 (5%), \$25,000-34,999 (6%) or \$50,000-74,999 (4%).

#### The father of the baby

• No significant differences.

#### A counselor

- Those who classify themselves as White (1%) are less likely to select than those who classify themselves as African American (4%) or Hispanic (5%).
- Those who make \$100,000 or more (5%) are more likely to select than those making less than \$25,000 (0%) or \$75,000-99,999 (1%).

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## Which of these was most influential on your decision to terminate the pregnancy?

#### An abortion provider

- Those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (9%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (2%) or \$100,000 or more (2%).
- Those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (8%) and those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (7%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$100,000 or more (2%).
- Those choosing Christian (4%) as their religious preference are less likely to select than those choosing Atheist, Agnostic, No Preference (10%).

#### A pregnancy care center worker

- No significant differences.
- Other
  - Those age 50-64 (3%) are more likely to select than those age 18-34 (0%).



### In total, how many pregnancy terminations/abortions have you had?

#### • One

- Those who live in the South (71%) are more likely to select than those who live in the West (61%).
- Those who earn \$100,000 or more (71%) are more likely to select than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (59%) or \$50,000-74,999 (62%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (55%) are less likely to select than those who are not (68%).
- Two
  - Those age 18-34 (14%) are most likely to select.
  - Those choosing Other Religions (10%) as their religious preference are least likely to select.
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (27%) are more likely to select than those who are not (19%).



### In total, how many pregnancy terminations/abortions have you had?

#### Three

- Those age 65+ (1%) are less likely to select than those age 18-34 (8%) or 50-64 (7%).
- Those who live in the West (9%) and in the Northeast (9%) are more likely to select than those who live in the Midwest (3%) and in the South (4%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (3%) as their religious preference are less likely to select than Christians (7%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (10%) are more likely to select than those who are not (5%).

#### • Four

• Those who classify themselves as African American (4%) are more likely to select than those who are White (2%).



### In total, how many pregnancy terminations/abortions have you had?

- More than five
  - Those age 50-64 (<1%) are less likely to select than those who are 18-34 (2%) or those who are 35-49 (2%).
  - Those who classify themselves as White (1%) are less likely to select than those who classify themselves as Asian (3%) or African American (3%).
  - Those who earn \$25,000-34,999 (3%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (0%).
  - Those choosing Christian (1%) as their religious preference are less likely to select than those choosing Other Religions (5%).

#### Don't Know

- Those who classify themselves as Asian (6%) are more likely to select than those who classify themselves as African American (1%).
- Those who earn \$100,000 or more (1%) are less likely to select than those earning less than \$25,000 (4%), \$35,000-49,999 (4%), or \$50,000-74,999 (5%).

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## It is safe to talk with a pastor about abortion.

- Those age 18-34 (48%) are most likely to agree than those age 65+ (37%).
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (56%) are more likely to agree than those classify themselves as White (39%).
- Those who classify themselves as White (39%) are less likely to agree than those who are Asian (56%), African American (48%), or Hispanic (48%).
- Those from the Northeast (38%) are less likely to agree than those from the South (47%).
- Those who make less than \$25,000 (35%) are less likely to agree than those earning \$50,000-74,999 (46%) or \$75,000-99,999 (52%).
- Those choosing Christian (51%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Catholics (44%) are less likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (56%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (71%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (38%).



# Pastors' teachings on forgiveness don't seem to apply to terminated pregnancies abortion.

- Those age 18-34 (54%) are more likely to agree than those age 50-64 (44%) or 65+ (41%).
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (62%) are most likely to agree than African Americans (39%) or Whites (48%).
- Those who classify themselves as White (48%) are less likely to agree than Hispanics (53%).
- Those who make \$75,000-99,999 (63%) are most likely to agree.
- Catholics (55%) are more likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (43%).



# Pastors are sensitive to the pressures a woman faces with an unplanned pregnancy.

- Those age 18-34 (47%) are most likely to agree.
- Those who classify themselves as White (33%) are less likely to agree than those who classify themselves as Asian (48%), African American (50%) or Hispanic (46%).
- Those who are from the South (44%) are more likely to agree than those from the Northeast (32%) or West (35%).
- Those who make \$75,000-99,999 (49%) are more likely to agree than those earning less than \$25,000 (34%), \$25,000-34,999 (35%), \$35,000-49,999 (37%), or \$100,000 or more (36%).
- Those choosing Christian (45%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (70%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (32%).



# Pastors teach that God is willing to forgive past abortion decisions.

- Those age 18-34 (49%) are most likely to agree.
- Those who classify themselves as African American (57%) are more likely to agree than those who classify themselves as Hispanic (44%) or White (36%).
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (52%) are more likely to agree than those who classify themselves as White (36%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (54%) are most likely to agree.
- Those choosing Christian (51%) as their religious preference are the most likely to agree.
- Catholics (44%) are less likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (55%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (76%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (35%).



### Churches are a safe place to talk about pregnancy options including parenting, abortion, and adoption.

- Those age 18-34 (44%) are most likely to agree.
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (52%), African American (49%) or Hispanic (41%) are more likely to agree than those who classify themselves as White (32%).
- Those who live in the South (44%) are most likely to agree.
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (30%) are less likely to agree than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (42%), \$50,000-74,999 (42%), or \$75,000-99,999 (48%).
- Those who earn \$100,000 or more (33%) are less likely to agree than those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (42%) or \$75,000-99,999 (48%).
- Those choosing Christian (46%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (70%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (31%).



# Churches over-simplify decisions about pregnancy options.

- Those who are 18-34 (60%) are more likely to agree than those age 35-49 (51%).
- Those who classify themselves as African American (46%) are less likely to agree than Hispanics (57%) or Whites (56%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (70%) and those who earn \$100,000 or more (62%) are most likely to agree.
- Catholics (62%) are more likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (49%).



### Churches give accurate advice about pregnancy options including parenting, abortion and adoption.

- Those age 18-34 (38%) are most likely to agree.
- Those who classify themselves as White (24%) are less likely to agree than those who classify themselves as Asian (48%), African American (41%) or Hispanic (36%).
- Those who live in the Northeast (24%) are less likely to agree than those in the South (35%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (24%) are less likely to agree than those earning \$75,000-99,999 (39%).
- Those choosing Christian (37%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (59%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (25%).



#### Churches are prepared to provide material, emotional, and spiritual support to women who chose to keep a child resulting from an unplanned pregnancy.

- Those age 18-34 (57%) are more likely to agree than those age 50-64 (48%) or 65+ (44%).
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (60%) or as African American (58%) are more likely to agree than those classifying themselves as Hispanic (55%) or White (47%).
- Those who live in the South (59%) are more likely to agree than those in the Northeast (44%) or West (45%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (46%) or \$100,000 or more (46%) are less likely to agree than those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (58%) or \$75,000-99,999 (59%).
- Those choosing Christian (59%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (73%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (47%).



## Churches are prepared to help women with their decisions about unwanted pregnancies.

- Those age 18-34 (47%) are more likely to agree than those age 50-64 (36%) or 65+ (35%).
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (50%), African American (54%) or Hispanic (45%) are more likely to agree than those who classify themselves as White (35%).
- Those who live in the South (46%) are more likely to agree than those in the Midwest (36%) or West (36%).
- Those who earn \$50,000-74,999 (45%) or \$75,000-99,999 (49%) are more likely to agree than those who earn \$100,000 or more (36%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (36%) or \$25,000-34,999 (35%) are less likely to agree than those earning \$75,000-99,999.



### Churches are prepared to help women with their decisions about unwanted pregnancies. (cont.)

- Those choosing Christian (47%) as their religious preference are most likely to agree.
- Catholics (42%) are less likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (51%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (65%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (36%).



# Church members judge single women who are pregnant.

- Those who are age 65+ (54%) are less likely to agree than those age 18-34 (69%) or 35-49 (65%).
- Those who classify themselves as Hispanic (75%) are more likely to agree Asians (59%), African Americans (63%), or Whites (63%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (59%) are less likely to agree than those earning \$75,000-99,999 (70%).



#### Church members are more likely to gossip about a woman considering an abortion than help her understand her options.

- Those who classify themselves as Hispanic (75%) are more likely to agree than Asians (52%), African Americans (64%), or Whites (62%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (74%) are more likely to agree than those who earn less than \$25,000 (56%), \$35,000-49,999 (63%) or \$50,000-74,999 (62%).
- Those who earn \$100,000 or more (66%) are more likely to agree than those who earn less than \$25,000 (56%).



# Churches do not have a ministry prepared to discuss options during an unplanned

#### pregnancy.

- Those age 18-34 (58%) are more likely to agree than those age 35-49 (49%) or 65+ (40%).
- Those who classify themselves as Hispanic (60%) are more likely to agree than those who classify themselves as White (48%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (59%) are more likely to agree than those earning less than \$25,000 (47%) or \$50,000-74,999 (47%).
- Those choosing Christian (53%) as their religious preference are more likely to agree than those choosing Atheist, Agnostic, or No Preference (44%).
- Catholics (57%) are more likely to agree than Protestant, Nondenominational (49%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (61%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (49%).



#### If you or someone close to you had an unplanned pregnancy, would you recommend they discuss the decision with someone at a local church?

- Those who are 18-34 (35%) are most likely to recommend.
- Those who classify themselves as Asian (44%) are more likely to recommend than those who classify themselves as White (18%).
- Those who classify themselves as African American (33%) or as Hispanic (34%) are more likely to recommend than those who classify themselves as White (18%).
- Those from the Northeast (19%) and those from the Midwest (19%) are less likely to recommend than those from the South (30%) and those from the West (28%).
- Those with household income less than \$25,000 (18%) are less likely to recommend than those earning \$25,000-34,999 (29%), \$50,000-74,999 (28%), or \$75,000-99,999 (31%).
- Those choosing Atheist, Agnostic or No Preference (6%) as their religious preference are least likely to agree.
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (62%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (18%).



#### • More than once a week

- Those who are 18-34 (14%) are most likely to select.
- Those who classify themselves as White (4%) are less likely to select than African Americans (15%) or Hispanics (10%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (22%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (3%).

#### About once a week

- Those who are 18-34 (33%) are more likely to select than those age 35-49 (24%) or 50-64 (23%).
- Those who classify themselves as White (23%) are less likely to select than those who classify themselves as Asian (42%) or African American (36%).
- Those with household income less than \$25,000 (22%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (34%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (40%) are more likely to agree than those who are not (24%).

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#### • Once or twice a month

- Those who are 35-49 (20%) are more likely to select than those age 50-64 (13%).
- Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (26%) are more likely to select than those who earn less than \$25,000 (14%) or \$35,000-49,999 (12%).

#### Only on religious holidays

- Those who classify themselves as African American (3%) are less likely to select than those who classify themselves as Asian (12%), Hispanic (13%), or White (11%).
- Those with household income less than \$25,000 (5%) are less likely to select than those who earn \$100,000 or more (13%).
- Those choosing Catholic (14%) as their religious preference are more likely to select than Protestant, Non-Denomination (8%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (3%) are less likely to select than those who are not (12%).



- Rarely
  - Those who are 18-34 (17%) are most likely to select.
  - Those who classify themselves as White (34%) are more likely to select than those who classify themselves as Asian (9%), African American (21%), or Hispanic (24%).
  - Those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (14%) are least likely to select.
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (11%) are less likely to agree than those who are not (33%).



- Never
  - Those who classify themselves as White (23%) are most likely to select.
  - Those with household income less than \$25,000 are most likely to select (14%).
  - Those who earn \$100,000 or more (7%) are more likely to select than those who earn \$35,000-49,999 (6%).
  - Self-identified evangelical Christians (3%) are less likely to agree than those who are not (11%).



## Does anyone at your church know that you have had a pregnancy termination/abortion?

- Those who are 18-34 (57%) are most likely to answer "Yes."
- Those who are 65+ (7%) are least likely to answer "Yes."
- Those who are 35-49 (51%) are less likely to answer "No" than those who are 50-64 (70%) or 65+ (73%).
- Those who classify themselves as Hispanic (59%) are more likely to answer "Yes" than African Americans (28%) or Whites (31%).
- Those who are from the Midwest (29%) are less likely to answer "Yes" than those who are from the West (47%).
- Those who earn less than \$25,000 (22%) are less likely to answer "Yes" than those who earn \$75,000-99,999 (45%) or \$100,000 or more (41%).
- Catholics (44%) are more likely to answer "Yes" than Protestant, Nondenominational (32%).
- Self-identified evangelical Christians (55%) are more likely to answer "Yes" than those who are not (28%).



## Study of Women who have had an Abortion and Their Views on Church

## Sponsored by Care Net

